

54 CIVIL

DR. BABASAHEB AMBEDKAR TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, LONERE

Mid Semester Examination – March 2019

Course: B. Tech in Civil Engineering

Sem: IV

Subject Name: Hydraulics II

Subject Code: CV 404

Max Marks:20

Date:-11/03/2019

Duration:- 1 Hr.

Instructions to the Students:

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Assume suitable data if necessary.

	(Level/ CO)	Marks
Q. 1 Attempt following Questions		6
a Flo in the open channel may be classified as 'Laminar' flow if ;..... (a) $Re < 500$ (b) $Re > 2000$ (c) $500 < Re < 2000$ (d) none of the above	CO 1/ C-1	
b The phenomenon occurring in an open channel when a rapidly flowing stream abruptly Changes to slowly flowing stream causing a distinct rise of liquid surface, is (A) Water hammer (B). Hydraulic jump (C). Critical discharge (D). None of the above	CO 2/ C-1	
c The channel whose boundary is not deformable is known as (A). Rigid channel (B). Prismatic channel (C). Mobile channel (D). Boundary channel	CO 1/ C-1	
d For a given discharge in a channel at critical depth (A). The total energy is minimum (B). The total energy is maximum (C). The specific energy is minimum (D). The specific energy is minimum	CO 2/ C-2	
e The most economical section of a trapezoidal channel is one which has hydraulic mean depth equal to; (A). $0.5[\text{depth}]$ (B). $0.5 [\text{sloping side}]$ (C). $0.5[\text{width}]$ (D). $0.5[\text{width} + \text{depth}]$	CO 1/ C-2	
f The Maximum velocity in open channel occurs at; (A) Near the channel bed (B) a little below channel free surface (C) at the free surface (D) at the centre of flow	CO 1/ C-1	
Q.2 Solve Any Two of the following.		3 X 2
(A) A 3 m wide rectangular channel conveys $12 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$ of water at a depth of 2m. Calculate; i) Specific energy, critical depth, minimal specific energy, critical velocity ii) Froude number and whether flow is subcritical or supercritical.	CO 2/ C-3	
(B) What are the different types of channels? Give example in each case.	CO 1/ C-2	
(C) A triangular gutter whose side includes angle of 60° conveys water at a uniform depth 4m. If the slope of the bed is 1 in 1000 find the rate of flow of water. Take Chezy's constant $C = 55$.	CO 1/ C-3	
Q. 3 Solve Any One of the following.		8
(A) Derive expression for the most economical trapezoidal channel section.	CO 1/ C-3	
(B) Derive an expression for sequent depths in hydraulic jump. If sequent depths in a rectangular channel before and after hydraulic jump are 0.5m and 2 m respectively, calculate critical depth and discharge per unit width of channel.	CO 3/ C-3	

==*** End ***

